

1326 Columbia Road, South Boston, MA 02127, Phone: 617-464-1047

Property Inspected:		Time:
Client:	Telephone:	Fee:
]	HOME INSPECTION AGREEMENT	
	a new home! Your anticipated purchase of it is ocess, it is important you gather as much informatis.	
prospective home. It is not an appraisal to inspector will not pass or fail the house, or	onducted by a qualified licensed professional tassess market value or a municipal inspection to advise you whether or not you should purchas ble areas of the home to determine its physical commed.	o verify local code compliance. Our home se the property. Instead, we will provide a
mean the seller should be required to fix ev	inspector identifies an issue, it does not mean yery item identified by our report, although those intent of the inspection is to identify areas the	items may be subject to further negotiation
report on the property's condition for you current Massachusetts General Law (see att	r will perform a visual inspection of all accessible, the prospective buyer(s). This inspection is placed PDF). We also follow a strict CODE OF dent opinion regarding the property. If this conduct 266 CMR.	erformed using standards provided under ETHICS, which protects consumers from
(temperature permitting) and interior pluml windows, and doors, iv) foundation, basen than 3 feet high will not be entered or eval	port will review the condition of the home's i) he bing and electrical systems, ii) roof, attic, and vinent, and visible structure. The interior of walls, uated. Attics not specifically designed for safe perience and opinion of the inspector. It is not a chaustive or an engineering study.	isible insulation, iii) walls, ceilings, floors, suspended ceilings, and crawl spaces less bass through will not be entered. The home
dismantling of components is done. The ins	is to describe observable major defects that a spection report cannot predict future life expectar in insurance policy or a home or manufacturer's v	ncy, failure of any component, or structural
<u> </u>	e presence of rodents or general pests and does onsible for any damage that was concealed or no	
product recalls, alarm systems, piping or outbuildings not recorded in the report. Bo	garding air, soil, lead and lead paint, water utside the foundation, oil tanks, buried tanks, ston Home Inspectors is not responsible for rep my determination about whether the property is serty.	sewage or waste disposal systems, and airs to bring the home in compliance with
investigate the situation before you underta	ent has been misrepresented or omitted by us, Boake any curative action. No repairs can be cont Home Inspectors for all costs, attorneys' fees, as by you against our company.	racted for you on behalf of Boston Home nd expenses incurred by
Boston Home Inspectors withhole	ds the right to retain the report if the fee is not	paid at the time of the BROCK

Client Inspector Date

Boston Home Inspectors withholds the right to retain the report if the fee is not paid at the time of the

inspection. The inspection report is not transferable without the express written consent of Boston Home Inspectors.

If a follow-up inspection is required to inspect any items not installed or not completed during the original

inspection, there will be a \$250.00 charge.

No.429



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Property Inspected:	Date:



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Property Inspected:		Date:
	HOME INSPECTION SUMMARY	



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Property Inspected:	Date:



PROPERTY CONDITIONS & INSPECTION INFORMATION

Start Time:	Completion Time:	Inspector	:: Lic#	# :						
PRESENT DURING INSPECTION:		r's Agent Pr	operty Manager Contr	ractors						
	Seller Seller	r's Agent Te	enant Other:							
WEATHER CONDITIONS:	SOIL	CONDITIONS:								
	Approximate Outdo	oor Temperature:								
PROPERTY INFORMATION:	Single Family	() Family	Condominium							
	Commercial	Duplex	Townhouse							
	Free-standing	Row End	Row Middle							
	Mixed Use	Occupied	Vacant							
	Approximate Total Num	ber of Units in Building: _								
	RATIN	IG LEGEND								
S – SATISFACTORY		unctionally consistent with wear and deterioration a	n its intended original purpos nd need minor work.	e. It may show						
M – MARGINAL	well, either beca	Component is in need of repair. Component is not serving its intended original purpowell, either because of failed parts, age, unprofessional installation, or past repairs. Maintenance, repair, or upgrading is advised.								
U – UNSATISFACTORY		Component appears to have reached its life expectancy or is not functioning with its intended original purpose. Caution is advised.								
NR - NOT RATED / INSPECT	This item does r	This item does not apply to this inspection.								
AI – ADDITIONAL INVESTIG	specialist is adv	vised because the scope of to suspect concealed dan	ration with a contractor, enging of the repair is unknown, or the subject is outsided.	here is potential						

COMMENTS:

If different conditions are observed in a single component, more than one rating may be given.

Condominium, cooperative, and homeowner associations must plan carefully for the long-term repair and replacement of major components. Roofs, paving, pools, and other elements should be placed on a replacement reserve schedule that allows the association to fulfill its maintenance obligations without resorting to levying special assessments. Maintenance of the communal areas, systems, and components is typically the responsibility of the association. Inspection of these areas is considered beyond the scope of this home inspection. Exterior parameters of the unit and the condition of common areas and exclusive-use common areas can only be determined by review of the association's records and are beyond the scope of this inspection. Any comments pertaining to said areas have been made as a courtesy, and should be addressed via the current owner to the association. Correction of common area deficiencies will be at the discretion of the association. BHI shall not be responsible for erroneous comments or omissions concerning deficiencies involving communal areas, systems, or components.

If any of the above information is unknown at the time of the inspection, it is the buyer's responsibility to consult with the seller or broker to determine its proper status.

BHI assumes no liability for information given above or stated or provided by another source.

Was their the existence of an obstructions and/or conditions that prevented the inspection of an installed system?

*See report page



EXTERIOR

S = Satisfactory M = Marginal U = Unsatisfactory NR = Not Rated AI = Additional Investigation*

				<u> S </u>	M	U	NR	Al
1	Roof Coverings:							
2	Roof Style:	Gable	Mansard					
	Hip	Shed	Gambrel					
3	Observed From: Ground	d w/ binoculars	Roof					
4	Limited Roof View:	Yes	No					
5	Signs of Leaks:	Yes	No					
6	Skylight:							
7	Roof Ventilation:							
8	Roof Penetrations:							
9	Flashing: Dormers/Piping/V	alleys/Chimn	eys:					
10	Chimney Material: Brick	Metal	Masonry					
11	Gutters & Downspouts:	Copper	Aluminum					
	Roof Drain(s) Vinyl	Wood	Galvanized					
12	Eaves / Soffits / Fascias / R	ake:						
13	Trim / Corner Boards / Flash	hing:						
14	Wall Cladding: Vinyl	Shingles	Clapboard					
	Cementious Brick	Stucco	Metal					
	Wood EFIS	Asphalt	Asbestos					
15	Main Entrance Door:							
16	Side / Rear Door:							Щ
17	Basement Door:							
18	Windows: Vinyl	Wood	Metal					
19	Bsmnt Windows: Vinyl	Wood	Metal					
20	Window Wells / Areaways:							
21	Exposed Foundation:	Block	Granite					
	Stucco Covered Stone	Brick	Concrete					
22	Fire Escape:	Wood	Metal		П	П		

- A. Most manufacturers of roofing materials provide a 15 to 25 year warranty. This warranty period should not be confused with the actual roof life, which may be affected by many variables. Building codes do not allow more than two layers of roofing on a roof. You should verify the roof's age and number of layers with the broker, owner, or contractor.
- B. All flashing should be inspected annually and repaired as needed. Flashing is often repaired with tar, which has a limited life expectancy. Future repair or re-application may be required.
- C. BHI was unable to fully view the entire roof due to unsafe conditions, limited access, or possibility of damage. Consult a roof contractor for a full evaluation of the roof and its components.
- D. Joints and cracks on exterior wall surfaces should be properly caulked to prevent water entry.
- E. Window wells should be checked and cleaned annually.
- F. Gutters and downspouts should be cleaned of debris on a regular basis to prevent building water damage. Be certain the water is directed away from the building and foundation through downspouts and leaders.
- G. Fire escapes, exterior wood or steel stairways, and balconies must be examined and/or tested and certified for structural adequacy every five years by a registered professional engineer or others qualified and approved by the building official. An affidavit of compliance must be submitted to the building department. Consult seller or association for last time they where inspected and a copy of the affidavit.
- H. All wood trim and siding should be at least eight inches above the ground to prevent deterioration from moisture and insects.
- 1. * If Additional Investigations is checked, further consultation with a contractor, engineer, or other specialist is advised because the scope of the repair is unknown, or there is potential for and reason to suspect concealed damage, or the subject is outside the Home Inspector's expertise.



EXTERIOR AND DECKS

S = Satisfactory M = Marginal U = Unsatisfactory NR = Not Rated AI = Additional Investigation*

		S	M	U	NR	ΑI
1	Landscaping / Vegetation:					
2	Grading / Site Drainage:					
3	Retaining Walls: Effective Condition / Safe Egress:					
4	Walkways: Effective Condition / Slope / Safe Egress:					
5	Driveways: Effective Condition / Slope / Safe Egress:					
6	Fences / Gates:					
7	Patio / Terrace:					
8	Exterior Faucets:					
9	Exterior Lighting:					
10	Exterior GFCI Receptacles:					
11	Electrical Service Entrance Conductors:					
	Underground Overhead Meter					
	Conduit NM Cable					
	DECKS / PORCHES / BALCONIES / STOOPS					
12	Front:					
	Steps:					
	Railings:					
	Decking:					
	Structure:					
13	Side:					
	Steps:					
	Railings:					
	Decking:					
	Structure:					
14	Rear:					
	Steps:					
	Railings:					
	Decking:					
	Structure:					

- A. Keep all trees and shrub branches cut away from the building. Prevent vines from growing on the building. If vines are present, consult a contractor prior to removal to ensure that removal will not cause further damage.
- B. The grading around the building should be pitched to ensure that water is directed away from the foundation.
- C. BHI makes no representation as to the location or ownership of the fence(s) with respect to property lines.
- D. Exterior faucets should be drained during colder months to prevent freezing.
- E. BHI recommends installing handrails on stairways that have three or more steps or are over 30 inches in height.
- F. Handrails and railings should be inspected annually and re-secured as needed to prevent injuries.
- G. The underside of decks and porches was not accessible at the time of inspection. To check for damage, rot, or infestation, these locations should be accessed prior to purchase.
- H. All wood trim and siding should be at least eight inches above the ground to prevent deterioration from moisture and insects.
- I. For additional safety, it is recommended that exterior outlets be upgraded to Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters (GFCI's) outlets.
- J. * If Additional Investigations is checked, further consultation with a contractor, engineer, or other specialist is advised because the scope of the repair is unknown, or there is potential for and reason to suspect concealed damage, or the subject is outside the Home Inspector's expertise.



BASEMENT / STRUCTURE / CELLAR

S = Satisfactory M = Marginal U = Unsatisfactory NR = Not Rated AI = Additional Investigation*

				S	М	U	NR	ΑI
1	Foundation: Brick	Block	Granite					
	Stone	Wood	Concrete					
2	Floor:							
3	Ventilation Means:							
4	Windows: Vinyl	Wood	Metal					
5	Basement Doors:	Wood	Metal					
6	Bulkhead / Walkout:							
7	Basement Stairs:							
8	Chimney Foundation: Brick	Block	Concrete					
9	Chimney Clean-out:							
10	Ceiling Insulated: Yes	No No	Partial					
11	Support Columns: wood	Metal	Masonry					
12	Beams / Girders: Wood	Metal	Concrete					
13	Sills:							
14	Subfloor:							
15	Floor Joists:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
16	Crawl Space:			lП	П	$\overline{\Box}$	\Box	\Box
	Method to Inspect Crawl Space:	:						
	Crawl Space Ventilation:	Present	Absent					
	Crawl Space Ceiling Insulation	: Present	Absent					
17	Dehumidifier:	Present	Absent					
18	Sump Pump / Sump Pit:	Present	Absent					
19	Stains & Efflorescence:	Yes	No					
20	Active Water Penetration:	Yes	No					
21	Previous Water Penetration:	Yes	No					

Were their any obstructions, unsafe access, insufficient lighting, poor lighting, insufficient or restricted access, dangerous or adverse situation that prevented the complete or full inspection of the basement, structure or under floor crawl space?

- A. Minor cracks in walls and floors less than 1/4" wide represent normal shrinkage. To reduce the possibility of water penetration, they can be filled with hydraulic cement. Cracks that are offset, "V" shaped, or larger than 1/4" are signs of settlement and should be monitored. If any movement is detected, immediate attention is required. All cracks should be monitored for several months, and in some cases years, after the date of inspection for signs of additional movement.
- B. Basements should be kept dry and properly ventilated to minimize deterioration of structural members caused by a variety of sources. The source or amount of water penetration may not always be observable at time of inspection. BHI suggests you consult the owner for a historical perspective on whether or not evidence of water penetration has been noted. Our inspection will not predict future moisture, seepage, or flooding. Some common causes of dampness are improper lot grading, blocked down spouts, missing or improperly aligned down spout diverters, and improper ventilation. If excessive moisture continues, it is recommended that you consult a contractor. BHI does not inspect for or evaluate fungal growth. If you have concerns about mold or any other fungal growth, you are strongly urged to obtain the services of an indoor air quality specialist or other qualified professional to fully assess the situation and make appropriate recommendations.
- C. Efflorescence is the white powdery substance often evident on concrete walls and floors. It is usually an indication that dampness or water penetration has occurred at some time. It may or may not be an indication of moisture presence.
- D. Destructive testing or examination of structural members, walls, floors, ceiling, wiring, piping, etc., cannot be conducted because these areas are either partially or fully concealed, rendering them inaccessible. No destructive probing or removal of permanent or non-permanent partition or tile is performed.
- E. Sump pump and discharge lines should be checked periodically. Massachusetts General Law prohibits inspectors from operating sump pumps. We recommend having the sump pump tested and sized by a licensed plumber. If there is no sump pump, it is recommended that one be installed.
- F. Nine-inch-square vinyl floor tiles may contain asbestos. Consult with an asbestos contractor for testing and recommendation.
- G. To prevent heat loss, BHI recommends insulating the ceiling of an unfinished basement where it sits underneath heated rooms.
- H. * If Additional Investigations is checked, further consultation with a contractor, engineer, or other specialist is advised because the scope of the repair is unknown, or there is potential for and reason to suspect concealed damage, or the subject is outside the Home Inspector's expertise.



HEATING AND COOLING

S = Satisfactory M = Marginal U = Unsatisfactory NR = Not Rated AI = Additional Investigation

		<u> </u>	IVI	U	INIC	AI	
1	Thermostat:						Electric Oil Gas Heat Pump
2	Exposed Flue Vent & Thimble:						PSI Temp Sight Glass Water Level
	Vent System Draft Type:						Auto Feed Overflow Tube P/T Relief Valve Backflow Preventer
3	Possible Asbestos Material: Yes No				П		Combustion Air Air Separator Pilot Light Electronic Ignition
	BOILER:	Ιп	П	П	\Box		Safety Switch Service Outlet Exp. Tank Low Water Cut-off
7	Burner / Gun:		H	Ħ	\Box		Heat Temp:
	Firebox Liner:		Ш	ш	\exists		
	Circulator Pump:	П	П	П	H	H	
	Valves & Normal Operating Controls:		\Box	П	\Box		
	Pipes & Supports: Other Copper Cast Iron	ᄓ	\exists	Ħ	\Box		
	Non-insulated Insulated		Ш	ш			
_		_					
	FORCED AIR FURNACE / HANDLER:	빌	닏	Ц	닏	닏	
	Burner / Gun:	l∐	\sqcup	Ц	\sqcup		
	Air Filter:		\sqcup	Ц	\sqcup		
	Fan / Blower:		Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	
	Duct Work / Damper: Other Metal Fiberglass						
	Non-insulated Insulated				_		
	Heat Exchanger: See Note D						
6	Fuel Tank: See Note H Oil Propane	_	_	_	Ш	Ш	
	Fill Pipe & Vent Stack:		Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	_
7	CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING:			Ш		Ш	Outdoor Air Temperature Is Below 60 - Unable to Test System
	Condenser:						
	Evaporator Coil: See Note F						
	Refrigerant Line Insulated: Yes No						
	Condensate Drain:						
	Service Disconnect:						
	Service Receptacle: Yes No						
	Compressor Support:						
8	Through-wall Cooling Equipment:						
	· ·	Ь					

Were their any obstructions, unsafe access, insufficient lighting, poor lighting, insufficient or restricted access, dangerous or adverse situation that prevented the complete or full inspection of the HVAC system?

Evidence of underground oil tank:

Existence of an abandoned oil tank:

- A. This report indicates the condition of the heating unit on the day of inspection, without regard to life expectancy. We suggest you obtain a major service policy or warranty, which should include annual servicing, adjustment, efficiency testing, and emergency service.
- B. Asbestos materials were commonly used in older heating systems. The presence of asbestos can be determined ONLY by laboratory testing. Such determination is beyond the scope of this inspection. Asbestos insulation should be removed or encapsulated using current industry standards.
- C. Relief valves, gauges, switches, and other safety devices cannot be tested. They are listed on the report to denote that they were observed on the system.
- D. To determine the condition of the heat exchanger in forced hot air units, major disassembly by a heating technician is required. This report does not represent the condition of the heat exchanger. We recommend you have this evaluated prior to signing a purchase and sales agreement.
- E. Radiant heat in floors and ceilings is not accessible. Thus not inspected.
- F. Air conditioning units cannot be operated out of season as doing so can cause damage. Most compressors and evaporators are sealed units, which are not accessible. The average life expectancy is 12 to 15 years. Annual servicing of the A/C heat pump system by a licensed technician is advised.
- G. No representation is made about the humidification system and its components attached to the heating system.
- H. Determining the condition of the fuel tanks is beyond the scope of this inspection. Therefore, we recommend consulting a technician for a full evaluation of the tanks.



ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

S = Satisfactory M = Marginal U = Unsatisfactory NR = Not Rated AI = Additional Investigation

S M II ND AI

			141		1417	<u> </u>	_				
1	Service Panel Location:										
2	Main Overcurrent Device:										
	Disconnect Breakers Fuses										
	Service Conductor Material: Aluminum Copper										
	Number of Circuit Breakers:										
	Amperage: Voltage:										
3	Distribution Panel Location:										
	Branch Circuit Overcurrent Device:										
	☐ Disconnect ☐ Breakers ☐ Fuses										
	Branch Conductor Material: Aluminum Copper										
	Number of Circuit Breakers:										
	Amperage: Voltage:										
4	Readily Accessible Wiring:										
	■ Knob & Tube ■ AC / BX ■ Conduit ■ NM / Romex										
5	Grounding System Device:										
6	Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupters Breakers (ARCI):										
7	Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters Breakers (GFCI):										
							1				
	If any of the boxes below are check	ρd	ВΗ	l ro	com	mai	nde additional i	nvas	tigation	hy a license	ad electrician
	if any of the boxes below are check	cu,	ווט	110	COIII	IIICI	ilus additional il	IIVCS	sugation	by a licerise	d electrician.
	Access to panel is blocked; cover not removed		One	or m	ore b	reake	ers are off at panel		Overfusing	(fuse/breaker siz	e too large for wire)
	Two or more wires connected to one breaker		Dam	aged	l / rus	ted /	corroded breakers		Direct tap -	wires not protect	ted by breaker
	Scorching / melting / rust / corrosion on panel		Sub-	pane	l neu	tral b	us not isolated		Neutral and	ground wires co	nnected at sub-panel
	Missing / improper panel screws		Miss	ing b	ushin	g on	wire(s) in panel		More than o	one neutral cond	uctor at bus bar lug
	Solid aluminum branch conductors		Unpr	otec	ted op	enin	g(s) in panel / cover		Panel enclo	sure is not conn	ected to ground
	Missing panel legend		Brea	kers	/ fuse	s are	e not labeled		Corrosion ir	nhibitor not visibl	e on aluminum wires
	Missing switch / receptacle covers		Miss	ing ju	ınctio	n box	covers		Conductor	splices outside a	junction box
	Grounding clamp / system not visible		Grou	nd w	ire is	loose	e / disconnected		Electrical a	ppears outdated	by today's standards
	Extension cord used as wiring		Reve	erse į	oolari	ty on	receptacle(s)		Upgrade lau	ndry / basement o	outlets to GFCI's
	Clean up basement wiring		Add I	ight	in cra	wl sp	ace		Panel cove	r not removed du	ie to:
	Is the water piping bonded to the electrical system within	the fi	rst fiv	e fe	et of e	entry i	into basement?		Yes	□ No	☐ No Access
	Is the grounding wire attached to the city and house side								Yes	□ No	☐ No Access
	If the service entry or branch conductor is aluminum, is the				•		0	=	Yes	□ No	☐ N/A
	•									_	
·۷	Vere their any obstructions unsafe access insufficient ligh	ntına	nooi	r liah	tına i	neuiff	icient or restricted ac	2292	danderous	or adverse situs	tion that prevented the

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

complete or full inspection of the electrical system?

- A. Before the introduction of today's modern energy-consuming appliances, 30 or 60 amperage service was considered adequate. The decision to upgrade electrical service can be influenced by client need, local regulations, and mortgage lending institutions.
- B. Because of the age of the house, not all fixtures may meet current standards. Therefore, upgrades may be needed when renovating or repairing.
- C. If the house has solid aluminum wiring, consult an electrician to check the terminals at the switches and outlets for good mechanical connections.
- D. Massachusetts General Law requires installation of smoke detectors and carbon monoxide detectors by seller and verification by local fire department.
- E. BHI does not inspect alarm/security systems, intercoms, low voltage systems, lightning protection systems, antennas, electrical de-icing tapes, or any other ancillary system that is not part of the primary electrical distribution system.
- F. In our opinion, knob and tube wiring has outlived its useful life and should be replaced whenever it is found or suspected to be in use.
- G. BHI recommends that you have a licensed electrician check that the circuit breakers are compatible with the panel manufacturer.



PLUMBING SYSTEM

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	S	Μ	U	NR	ΑI	
1 Main Water Supply:						
2 Main Water Shut-off:						
3 Exposed Water Supply Distribution System:						
Copper CPVC Brass						
PEX Other Galvanized						
4 Water Supply Pipe Supports:						
5 Supply Lines Insulated Yes No Partial						
6 Exposed Drain Waste & Vent System / DWV:						
Copper Lead Cast Iron						
PVC Other Galvanized						
7 DWV Pipe Supports:						
8 Functional Drainage:						
9 Faucets & Traps:						
10 Laundry Tub:						
11 Washer Connection:						
12 Dryer Connection: Gas Electric						
13 Gas Main Shut-off:						
14 Gas Piping Supports & Connections:						
15 Hot Water Heater:						Gas - Oil - Electric - Tankless - On Demand - Integral w/ Heating System
Pressure / Temperature Relief Valve:						
Vacuum Relief Valve:						Make: Capacity: Year:
Expose Flue Vent & Thimble:						
Normal Operating Controls:						
16 Floor Drains: Present Absent						
17 Irrigation System: Present Absent						
18 Fire Suppression System: Present Absent						
19 Water Conditioning System: Present Absent						
20 Interior Sewer Ejector Pump: Present Absent						

Were their any obstructions, unsafe access, insufficient lighting, poor lighting, insufficient or restricted access, dangerous or adverse situation that prevented the complete or full inspection of the plumbing system?

- A. We do not inspect the quality, volume, or purity of the water. Your local Board of Health can refer you to companies that perform water testing.
- B. BHI makes no representation about the interior condition of supply and waste piping.
- C. Main water shut-offs, individual fixture shut-offs, and other valves are not tested.
- D. Because of the age of the house, not all fixtures may meet current standards. Therefore, upgrades may be needed when renovating or repairing.
- E. Galvanized plumbing and older sanitary lines have a high chance of requiring future maintenance and repair.
- F. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for all water conditioning equipment. Failure to provide adequate maintenance may cause the equipment to malfunction and affect water quality.
- G. Depending upon your individual needs, a tankless unit may not provide you with sufficient hot water. To increase quantity and efficiency, you may wish to consider a booster tank or separate water heater.



KITCHEN

S = Satisfactory M = Marginal U = Unsatisfactory NR = Not Rated AI = Additional Investigation

		S	IVI	U	NK	ΑI
1	Sink & Faucet:					
	Hot Water Temp:					
	Plumbing Under the Sink:					
2	Disposal:					
3	Dishwasher:					
	Secured to Countertop: Yes No					
4	Water Purifier / Filter in Use: Yes No					
5	Range / Stove: Gas Electric LPG					
6	Cook Top: Gas Electric LPG					
7	Wall Oven: Gas Electric LPG					
8	Exhaust Fan: Microwave Ductless Ducted					
9	Trash Compactor:					
10	Cabinets (exterior only):					
11	Countertops:					
12	Ceiling & Walls:					
13	Floors:					
14	Doors:					
15	Windows: Vinyl Wood Metal					
16	Skylights:					
17	Lighting:					
18	GFCI & Electrical Outlets:					
19	Heat Source: Baseboard Radiators Registers					
20	Signs of Water Penetration: Yes No					

- A. All appliances tested are working on the day of the inspection. BHI does not guarantee or warrant the continuous operation of the appliances. Self-cleaning mechanisms, timers, clocks, thermostats, refrigerators, freezers, wine coolers, ice makers, water purifiers or filters, instant hot water makers, coffee makers, microwave ovens, clothes washing machines, and dryers are not part of this inspection report.
- B. Cosmetic defects such as worn carpet or linoleum, scratches in wood floors, fading or peeling paint, and holes in walls, doors, ceiling, or trim are not reported. Hairline cracks are not unusual on interior wall and ceiling surfaces, due to minor shrinkage and settlement.
- C. Windows: Repair sashes, cords, reglaze, repaint, replace broken glass, fix sash locks, and tighten up windows as needed.
- Fog or condensation between insulated glass is an indication of a broken thermal seal. However, due to the nature of the defect a break may not always be
 detected. BHI recommends that any glass not having the proper safety glaze coding be upgraded to safety glass. BHI does not report on storm windows or
 screens. Check with current owner for location and condition of any and all screens and storms.
- E. The source or frequency of water that causes stains cannot always be determined. Consult with the owner or contractor for the history of the stain.
- F. Ungrounded two-prong receptacles should be updated.
- G. Nine-inch-square vinyl floor tiles may contain asbestos. Consult with an asbestos contractor for testing and recommendation.
- H. It is highly recommended that the hot water temperature not exceed 125 degrees Fahrenheit.
- I. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) outlets or circuits are required by today's code in any area where the user may come in contact with water.
- J. Location of the kitchen exhaust fan may not always be determined during a home inspection. BHI recommends contacting the seller or contractor to verify that the fan exhausts to the exterior.
- K. It is important that you check with the manufacturer about when to change the water filter. A dirty water filter can do more harm than not having one at all.



BATHROOMS

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		S	M	U	NR	ΑI
1	Bathroom:					
	Hot Water Temp:					
	Vanity / Wall-hung / Pedestal & Faucet:					
	Tub / Whirlpool / Shower & Fixtures:					
	Shower Wall Material:					
	Floor:					
	Toilet / Bidet:					
	Ceilings & Walls:					
	Windows & Doors:					
	GFCI / Electric / Exhaust Fan*:					
	Heat Source: Yes No					
	Signs of Water Penetration: Yes No					
2	Bathroom:					
	Hot Water Temp:					
	Vanity / Wall-hung / Pedestal & Faucet:					
	Tub / Whirlpool / Shower & Fixtures:					
	Shower Wall Material:					
	Floor:					
	Toilet / Bidet:					
	Ceilings & Walls:					
	Windows & Doors:					
	GFCI / Electric / Exhaust Fan*:					
	Heat Source: Yes No					
	Signs of Water Penetration: Yes No					
3	Bathroom:					
	Hot Water Temp:					
	Vanity / Wall-hung / Pedestal & Faucet:					
	Tub / Whirlpool / Shower & Fixtures:					
	Shower Wall Material:					
	Floor:					
	Toilet / Bidet:					
	Ceilings & Walls:					
	Windows & Doors:					
	GFCI / Electric / Exhaust Fan*:					
	Heat Source: Yes No					
	Signs of Water Penetration: Yes No					

- A. Cracks in grouting of ceramic tile joints are commonly due to normal shrinkage. Damage beyond the tile surface is not accessible, and further evaluation is suggested. Poor grouting will cause water penetration, lifting of tiles, and deterioration of flooring, plaster, drywall, and structural members around the tubs, showers, countertops, and floor.
- D. Because of the age of the house, not all fixtures may meet current standards. Therefore, upgrades may be needed when renovating or repairing.
- E. The source or frequency of water that causes stains cannot always be determined. Consult with the owner or contractor for the history of the stain.
- H. It is highly recommended that the hot water temperature not exceed 125 degrees Fahrenheit.
- I. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) outlets or circuits are required by today's code in any area where the user may come in contact with water.
- J. *Location of the bathroom exhaust fan may not always be determined during a home inspection. BHI recommends contacting the seller or contractor to verify that the fan exhausts to the exterior.



INTERIOR

S = Satisfactory M = Marginal U = Unsatisfactory NR = Not Rated AI = Additional Investigation

		S	M	U	NR	ΑI
1	Main Stairway: Stairs & Railings:					
2	Rear Stairway: Stairs & Railings:					
3	Hallways: Balconies & Railings:					
4	Skylights:					
5	Fireplaces:					
	Hearth:					
	Damper Operation:					
6	Rooms:	1				
	Ceilings & Walls:					
	Floors: Wood Carpet Resilient					
	Doors:					
	Windows: Vinyl Wood Metal					
	Electrical:					
	Heat Source: Baseboard Radiators Registers					
	Signs of Water Penetration: Yes No					
7	Rooms:	1				
	Ceilings & Walls:					
	Floors: Wood Carpet Resilient					
	Doors:					
	Windows: Vinyl Wood Metal					
	Electrical:					
	Heat Source: Baseboard Radiators Registers					
	Signs of Water Penetration: Yes No					
8	Rooms:	1				
	Ceilings & Walls:					
	Floors: Wood Carpet Resilient					
	Doors:					
	Windows: Vinyl Wood Metal					
	Electrical:					
	Heat Source: Baseboard Radiators Registers					
	Signs of Water Penetration: Yes No					

Was there the presence of exposed flues, being utilized by other appliances, in the fire place smoke chamber?

- A. Fireplaces and wood/coal stoves are inspected only visually. It is recommended that you have a Level 2 chimney inspection before operating any solid-fuel stoves. Annual inspection by a chimney sweep contractor is recommended.
- B. Cosmetic defects such as worn carpet or linoleum, scratches in wood floors, fading or peeling paint, and holes in walls, doors, ceiling, or trim are not reported. Hairline cracks are not unusual on interior wall and ceiling surfaces, due to minor shrinkage and settlement.
- C. Windows: Repair sashes, cords, reglaze, repaint, replace broken glass, fix sash locks, and tighten up windows as needed.
- D. Fog or condensation between insulated glass is an indication of a broken thermal seal. However, due to the nature of the defect a break may not always be detected. BHI recommends that any glass not having the proper safety glaze coding be upgraded to safety glass. BHI does not report on storm windows or screens. Check with current owner for location and condition of any and all screens and storms.
- E. The source or frequency of water that causes stains cannot always be determined. Consult with the owner or contractor for the history of the stain.
- F. Ungrounded two-prong receptacles should be updated.
- G. Nine-inch-square vinyl floor tiles may contain asbestos. Consult with an asbestos contractor for testing and recommendation.
- H. For safety, all material must be kept clear of contact with electric baseboard heaters. Electric thermostats have a limited life expectancy.



ATTIC / INSULATION

S = Satisfactory M = Marginal U = Unsatisfactory NR = Not Rated AI = Additional Investigation*

1	Access to Attic. Pull-down Scuttle Stairs	\sqcup	Ш	Ш	Ш	ш	
	Pull-down Stairs / Scuttle / Weatherstripping & Insulation:						
	Method Used to Observe Attic:						
	Through Hatch w/o Entering Eave Door / Panel						
	Access limited due to size and shape of framing						
2	Roof Framing:						
	Truss:						
	Rafter:						
	Gable Stud:						
	Ridge Board:	\Box					
	Post & Beam:						
	Ceiling Joists:						
	Collar / Rafter Ties:						
	Roof Sheathing: Wood OSB Plywood						
3	Attic Floor:						
	Partial Finished Unfinished Plywood Plank						
4	Flashing (interior view):						
	Chimney Dormers Piping Vents						
5	Chimney (interior view):						
6	Ventilation: Ridge Vent Soffit Vent Roof Vent						
	Gable End Turbine Attic Fan						
7	Windows: Vinyl Wood Metal						
8	Visible Attic Insulation:						
9	Bathroom / Kitchen Exhaust Fan:						
10	Electrical:						
11	Active Water Penetration: Yes No						
12	Previous Water Penetration: Yes No						
	'						•
W	ere their any obstructions, unsafe access, insufficient ligh	ntina	. poo	r liah	itina. i	nsuff	icient or restricted access, dangerous or adverse situation that prevented

Were their any obstructions, unsafe access, insufficient lighting, poor lighting, insufficient or restricted access, dangerous or adverse situation that prevented the complete or full inspection of the attic?

- A. The home buyer should be aware that until the mid 1970s, homes were typically built with minimal insulations. Home buyers should consider insulation upgrades to minimize energy costs.
- B. Adequate attic ventilation is important to maintain the life expectancy of the roof sheathing and shingles. Maximum air flow will minimize heat buildup in the summer and condensation in winter. Do not cover or block vents. When attic temperature is greater than 30 degrees above or below exterior ambient temperature, additional venting is advised.
- C. The source or frequency of water that causes stains cannot always be determined at time of inspection. Consult with the owner or contractor for a historical perspective on whether or not evidence of water penetration has been noted. Moisture stains may appear to be dry at the time of inspection under a variety of weather conditions.
- D. Most attics are only partially inspected due to constraints such as height, claustrophobic conditions, missing flooring, cluttered areas, covered and difficult entry. At the time of inspection BHI inspected a small sample of structural members and sheathing.
- E. Caution should be exercised when using any type of pull-down stairs.
- F. * If Additional Investigations is checked, further consultation with a contractor, engineer, or other specialist is advised because the scope of the repair is unknown, or there is potential for and reason to suspect concealed damage, or the subject is outside the Home Inspector's expertise.



GARAGE / SHED / BARN

S = Satisfactory M = Marginal U = Unsatisfactory NR = Not Rated AI = Additional Investigation*

		S	M	U	NR	Al
1	Style:					
	Attached Detached Under					
2	Roof Material:					
3	Flashing: Dormers/Piping/Valleys/Chimneys:					
4	Gutters & Downspouts:					
5	Eaves / Soffits / Fascias / Rake:					
6	Trim / Corner Boards / Flashing:					
7	Wall Cladding:					
8	Exterior Door:					
9	Overhead Door(s):					
	Locks / Springs / Rollers / Tracks:					
10	Garage Door Operator(s):					
	Electronic Safety Eyes:					
	Automatic Reverse Operation: Yes No					
11	Windows:					
12	Fire Door:					
13	Ceiling & Walls:					
14	Interior Framing:					
15	Exposed Foundation:					
16	Fume Barrier / Fire Wall:					
17	Sill:					
18	Floor:					
19	Electrical:					
20	GFCI & Electrical Outlets:					
21	Signs of Water Penetration: Yes No					

- A. Keep all trees and shrub branches cut away from the building. Prevent vines from growing on the building. If vines are present, consult a contractor prior to removal to ensure that removal will not cause further damage.
- B. The grade around the building should be pitched to ensure that water is directed away from the foundation.
- C. Most manufacturers of roofing materials provide a 15 to 25 year warranty. This warranty period should not be confused with the actual roof life, which is affected by many variables. Building codes do not allow more than two layers of roofing on a roof. You should verify the roof's age and number of layers with the broker, owner, or contractor.
- D. Fume barriers, fire-rated sheetrock, and fire doors are required in most new construction. If your attached garage does not have these features, you should consider adding them for safety.
- E. Minor cracks in walls and floors represent normal shrinkage. To reduce the possibility of water penetration, they can be filled with hydraulic cement. Cracks that are offset or "V" shaped are signs of settlement and should be monitored. If changes are detected, immediate attention is required.
- F. Gutters and downspouts should be cleaned of debris on a regular basis to prevent building water damage. Be certain the water is directed away from the building and foundation through downspouts and leaders.
- G. For safety, BHI recommends an optional automatic "electric eye" installed at floor level to reverse a closing door whenever an object crosses the door's path. Homeowners should check the reversing mechanism of all garage door openers monthly or in accordance with the owner's manual. If the door does not promptly reverse, the unit should be disengaged and a service technician called. If the opener does not have the reversing feature, the garage door opener should be disconnected and replaced with one meeting the ANSI-UL voluntary standard. Garage doors hardware should be checked periodically to make sure that it functions properly.
- H. All wood trim and siding should be at least eight inches above the ground to prevent deterioration from moisture and insects.
- I. For additional safety, it is recommended that exterior and garage outlets be upgraded to Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters (GFCI's) outlets.
- J. * If Additional Investigations is checked, further consultation with a contractor, engineer, or other specialist is advised because the scope of the repair is unknown, or there is potential for and reason to suspect concealed damage, or the subject is outside the Home Inspector's expertise.



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